

#### Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product Identifier

H306 Hardener Slow

Contains: 2-butoxyethyl acetate, 4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene, Butyl acetate,

Methyl acetate

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Hardener slow for clear coat C200 for car bodies.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

COMPANY IDENTITY: Logicar Inc.

COMPANY ADDRESS: 1361 NW 155<sup>th</sup> DR COMPANY CITY: Miami, FL 33169 COMPANY PHONE: 305-685-8044

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

CHEMTREC: +1(703)527-3887

#### Section 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product was classified as dangerous according to Regulation 1272/2008/EC

Classification:

Flam. Liq. 2 H225

Acute Tox. 4 H312

Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Skin Sens. 1 H317

Eye Irrit. 2 H319

Acute Tox. 4 H332

STOT SE 3 H335

STOT SE 3 H336

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412



#### 2.2. Label elements



Signal word :DANGER

Hazard statements:

H225 Very flammable liquid and vapour

H312+H332 Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319Causes serious eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

#### Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 Do not breathe vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an authorized waste collection point.

2.3 Other hazards - no available



## Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Mixture

Index number	Chemical Name	WE Number	CAS Number	Classification of substance according to CLP	Mark of substance	Weight	Registration Number
-	1,6- Hexamethylene diisocyanate dimer; homopolymer	500-060-2	28182-81-2	Skin Sens. 1 H317 Acute Tox. 4 H332 STOT SE 3 H335	GHS07 Wng H317, H332, H335	25 – 35%	01-2119485796- 17-0000
607-038-00-2	2-butoxyethyl acetate	203-933-3	112-07-2	Acute Tox, 4 * H332 Acute Tox, 4 * H312	GHS07 Wng H332, H312	20 – 30%	01-2119475112- 47-XXXX
607-025-00-1	Butyl acetate	204-658-1	123-86-4	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 STOT SE 3 H336	GHS02 GHS07 Wng H226, H336, EUH066	15 – 25%	01-2119485493- 29-XXXX
607-021-00-X	Methyl acetate	201-185-2	79-20-9	Flam Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H336	GHS02 GHS07 Dgr H225 H319 H336 EUH066	10 – 20 %	17- 2120049057- 58-0000
-	4-chloro-α,α,α- trifluorotoluene	202-681-1	98-56-6	Flam. Liq. 3 H226 Eye Irrit. 2 H319 STOT SE 3 H335 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412	GHS02 GHS07 H226, H315, H319, H335, H412	0 – 10%	01-2119857280- 40-XXXX
649-356-00-4	Solvent naphtha	265-199-0	64742-95-6	Flam. Lig. 3 H226 Asp. Tox. 1 H304 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT SE 3 H336 Aquatic Chronic 2 H411	GHS02 GHS07 GHS08 GHS09 Dgr H226, H304, H335, H336, H411	0 – 5%	01-2119455851- 35-XXXX

# Section 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information: See 11 point SDS

Inhalation: Move to fresh air, ensure quiet and warmth, seek medical advice.

Eyes contact: Do not close the eye, rinse with plenty of water (protect) healthy eye, remove contact lenses, seek

medical advice.

Skin contact: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, wash with plenty of water with soap, seek medical

advice.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth thoroughly with water. Drink 2-4 glasses of water. Do not induce the vomiting.



## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Seek medical advice

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical advice.

## Section 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water, vaporised water, foam, CO2.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Tight stream of water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Under the influence of high temperature may produce CO, CO2, and isocyanate vapours.

## 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Firemen have to wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Cool adjacent tanks by spraying water from a safe distance.

## Section 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: Remove ignition sources. Provide for sufficient ventilation. Avoid direct contact with releasing substance (vapours). Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Get acquainted with safety conditions (see point 7 and 8 SDS).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface-water, ground-water and soil.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Poured substance should be absorbed with non-flammable materials: sand, silica, special granulated products. Keep to a minimum efflux area. Collect discards, store according to regulations (see point 13 SDS).



## Section 7: Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat; keep away from sources of ignition – do not smoke, do not eat, do not drink, do not breathe vapour, avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not empty under pressure. Use only original tanks.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Normal precautions taken when handling flammable substances. Store in hermetically closed containers In temp. 5-25°C. Place of storage should be dry. Protect from heat. Do not store near to sources of ignition. Hardener slow for clear coat C200 for car bodies.

# 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Hardener slow for clear coat C200 for car bodies.

#### Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

Limit values for Butyl acetate: TLV: 150 ppm as TWA 200 ppm as STEL (ACGIH 2003).

MAK: 100 ppm 480 mg/m3

Limit values for 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate: TLV: 100 ppm; 369 mg/m3 (as TWA), 150 ppm; 553 mg/m3

(STEL) (ACGIH 1997).

EU OEL: 100 ppm 375 mg/m3 as TWA 150 ppm 568 mg/m3 as STEL (skin) (EU 2000).

EU Limit Values: 50 ppm 275 mg/m3 (8 hours)

100 ppm 550 mg/m3 (short-term) skin

Limit values for 2-Butoxyethyl acetate: TLV: 20 ppm as TWA A3 (ACGIH 2003).

MAK: 20 ppm 130 mg/m3

EU Limit Values: 20 ppm 133 mg/m3 (8 hours)

50 ppm 333 mg/m3 (short-term) skin

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory protection: Gas mask with "A" type absorbing canister.

Hands protection: Protective gloves for handling solvents (nitrile rubber).

Eyes protection: Protective glasses.

Skin protection: Suitable protective clothing.

Workplace: Topical stays and exhausting ventilation.



## Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Autoignition point:

liquid no data

Colour: Vapour pressure:

colourless no data

Odour: Explosion limits:

typical mixture of solvents no data
pH: Density:
no data 1,002 g/cm3
Boiling point: Water solubility:
> 56°C very poor

Melting point: Octanol/Water partition coeff:

no data no data

Flash point: Viscosity: 
< 0°C no data

#### Section 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

If handled according to the section 7 product is stable.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Strong acids and basis, high temperature, fire.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Incomplete combustion will produce CO, CO2 and toxic gases.

## Section 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicity for Butyl acetate: LD50 (rat, oral) – 6400 mg/kg

LC50 (rat, inhalation) – 9,6 mg/l (4h)

LD50 (rabbit, skin) – >5000 mg/kg

Toxicity for Methyl acetate: LD50 (rat, oral) – 5000 mg/kg

LD50 (rat, skin) – 2000 mg/kg

LC50 (rat, inhalation) > 49mg/l (4h)

Toxicity for 4-chloro- $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene: LD50 (rat, oral) – 13000 mg/kg

LC50 (rat, inhalation) – 33 mg/l (4 h)



LD50 (rabbit, skin) > 2 mg/kg

Toxicity for 2-Butoxyethyl acetate: LD50 (rat, oral) – 1600 mg/kg

LD50 (rabbit, skin) – 1500mg/kg

Toxicity for Solvent naphtha: LD50 (rat, oral) >5000 mg/kg

LD50 (rat, skin) > no data

LC50 (rat, inhalation) – 5,2 mg/l (4h).

# Symptoms / routes of exposure

Irritating effect: Skin: prolonged or repeated exposure may result in drying of the epidermis, loss of the protective fat

layer and permeation of the harmful substances to the subcutaneous layer.

Eyes: irritation of the mucosa and irreversible changes in the eye

Symptoms of poisoning: Headaches, tiredness, muscle failure, partial or total loss of consciousness

# Section 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Methyl acetate acute toxicity for: (LC50/96 h) fish –320 mg/l

(EC50//48h) crustacea - 1026,7 mg/l

Butyl acetate acute toxicity for: (LC50/96 h) fish – 18 mg/l

(EC50//48h) crustacea - 32 mg/l

4-chloro- $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ ,  $\alpha$ -trifluorotoluene acute toxicity for: (LC50/24 h) fish - 15,9 - 22,9 mg/l

(EC50//24h) crustacea - 3,68 mg/l

2-Butoxyethyl acetate acute toxicity for: (LC50/48 h) fish – 80 mg/l

(EC50//48h) crustacea – 327mg/l

Solvent naphtha acute toxicity for: (LC50/96 h) fish – 82 mg/l

(EC50//48h) crustacea - 6,14 mg/l

## Section 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recommendation: Product must be disposed of by special means in accordance with local regulations.

Remains of product: Remains of product in the tin should be carefully remove and mix C200 clear coat to harden.

Harden product is not harmfully substance and could be treat like wastes in accordance with

regulation.

Code of waste: 08 05 01\*

Do not spill into drainage systems. Waste of this product must be burned in special installations

for this purpose or dispose for authorized waste receiver.

Clean tin: Tin carefully clean is not harmful waste.

Code of waste: 15 01 04

Spent packages dispose for authorized receiver who has adequate permission for waste

management.

Tin partly empty: See remains of products. Packs of an article containing residues of hazardous substances or

contaminated by a hazardous waste code 15 01 10\*



## **Section 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number

1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

CLASS 3

14.4. Packing group

PG II

14.6. Special precautions for user

Land transport: ADR/RID: Classification code: F1

Tunnels: D1E

Sea transport IMDG: EmS: F-E, S-E

## Section 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

67/548/EWG (2006/121/WE) 91/155/EWG (2001/58/WE) 1999/45/EC (2006/8/WE) 1991/322/EWG 2000/39/WE 2006/15/WE 2006/1907/WE (REACH) 2004/42/WE

2008/1272/WE (CLP)

Other regulations: ADR (2007-2009), IMDG Code 2006 Edition.



## **Section 16: Other information**

#### Other information

Full text of phrases from 3 point SDS according to CLP

H225 Very flammable liquid and vapour

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid category 3

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure category 3

Acute Tox. 4\* Acute toxicity category 4

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation category 2

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment category 3

Aquatic Chronic 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment category 2

Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation category 2

Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard category 1